Central Asia: A Land of Many Mountains

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http://ai.stanford.edu/~latombe/mountain/index.htm
Ak Saray Palace in Shahrisabz
Puppets of Iskandar Khakimov
Wood sculptures in Terskey Alatau
Earth, water, air and fire

Typical roof of a Pamiri house
1970: Afghanistan
1998: Ala Archa, Terskey Alatau, Khan Tengri
2000: Karakoram highway, Muztagh Ata
2004: Aksu, Kichi Alai, Fann mountains
2005: Matcha
2006: Fann mountains
2008: Kokshaal-Too, Visokiy Alay
2009: Shakhdara range, Vanch valley
Wakhan Corridor
Traverse of Shakhdara Range
Peak Engels (6507m)
Lake Turumtajkul
Kyzyl-Asker (5842m) in Kokshaal-Too range
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Marco Polo sheep
Peak Aksu (5355m)
Iskander (5120m)
The Big Walls of Karavshin
Matcha
Peak Kshemysh
Shrovoskoga Pass
“Mushrooms” on the lower part of the Shurovski glacier
Muztagh Ata (7546m, ~25000ft)

Photo by Brad Jackson
From here you are seeing three mightiest mountain ranges of the world. Great Himalayas end in the south and east of Indus River. Karakorams are ending in the North East of Gilgit River. West of Gilgit/Indus Rivers is the Hindukush Range.
Acclimatization/Climbing Schedule

1 night at 2400m (Karimabad)
1 night at 3200m (Ultar BC)
1 night at 2700m (Gulmit)
1 night at 3600m (trek above Gulmit)
2 nights at 4050m (trek above Gulmit)
1 night at 3100m (Sost)
1 night at 3200m (Tashkurgan)
3 nights at 4400m (Muztagh Ata BC)
5 nights at 5200m (Camp 1)
3 nights at 6200m (Camp 2)
1 night at 6800m (Camp 3)

20
Pakistan  Afghanistan  Tajikistan
Khan Tengri (6995m, 22700ft)
South Engilchek glacier
Reaching the saddle above Semenovskogo glacier

Photos by Vladimir Kopylov
Camp at 5900m

Photo by Vladimir Kopylov